

In Memory Of

**JAMES EARNSHAW**

Lance Corporal 1000  
1<sup>st</sup> / 9<sup>th</sup> Bn., Manchester Regiment  
who died on Wednesday, 9<sup>th</sup> June 1915  
Age 26 yrs



**Born** Christ Church, Denton    **Enlisted** Ashton-u-Lyne    **Residence** Denton

**Died How** Killed in action                      **Theatre of War** Gallipoli

25, Travis Street, Hyde and

**Additional Inf.** 209, Mount Pleasant, Denton.

**Commemorative Information**

**Cemetery:** REDOUBT CEMETERY, HELLES, Turkey  
**Grave Reference/** Sp. Mem. A. 48.  
**Panel Number:**  
**Location:** Redoubt Cemetery is on the west side of the Krithia-Seddel Bahr road, south-west of "The Vineyards", 100 metres along a track flanked by pine trees. It faces south to the entrance of the Dardanelles.

**Historical information:** Helles is the Southernmost of the three areas into which the fighting on Gallipoli, and the cemeteries in the Peninsula, are divided. The Redoubt Cemetery recalls in its name the chain of forts made by the Turks across the Southern end of the peninsula in the fighting for Krithia, and the Redoubt Line on which the advance halted in May. The cemetery was begun in May, 1915, after the Second Battle of Krithia, by the 2nd Australian Infantry Brigade, and it was used until the Evacuation. It was greatly increased after the Armistice as the result of clearing the battlefields and concentrating the small cemeteries known as Krithia Nullah Nos. 1 and 2, West Krithia Nullah, Brown House, White House and Clapham Junction. There are now over 2,000, 1914-18 war casualties commemorated in this site. Of these, over half are unidentified and special tablets are erected bearing the names of 341 soldiers (or Royal Naval Division personnel) from the United Kingdom, four from Australia, and four from New Zealand known or believed to be buried among them. The cemetery covers an area of 6,539 square metres.