

In Memory Of

HARRY GREGORY

Private 3396
1st / 9th Bn., Manchester Regiment
who died on Friday, 31st December 1915
Age 21 yrs



Born **Enlisted** Ashton-u-Lyne **Residence** Hyde, Cheshire

Died How Died of wounds **Theatre of War** Gallipoli

Additional Inf. 50, Grafton Street, Hyde.

Commemorative Information

Cemetery: LANCASHIRE LANDING CEMETERY, Turkey
Grave Reference/ J. 84.
Panel Number:
Location:

The Cemetery is 1 kilometre west of Sedd el Bahr village. It stands on a small ridge named Karaja Oghul Tepe, 110 metres above the sea and overlooking "W" Beach.

Historical Information:

On the 25th April, 1915, the 29th Division landed troops at "S," "V," "W," "X" and "Y" Beaches, five small coves at or near the South end of the Gallipoli Peninsula. The landing at "Y" Beach (Gurkha Bluffs) was carried out by the 1st King's Own Scottish Borderers and the Plymouth Battalion of the Royal Naval Division; but these troops were forced to re-embark on the following day. The 2nd Royal Fusiliers landed at "X" Beach, followed by the rest of the 87th Brigade. The 1st Lancashire Fusiliers landed, under very severe fire, on "W" Beach, and cut their way through wire entanglements and trenches to the edge of the cliff; and they and the other battalions of the 88th Brigade established themselves on the hills of Tekke Burnu and Helles Burnu. The beach became known as Lancashire Landing. The greater part of the cemetery (Rows A to J and part of Row L) was made between the landing in April, 1915, and the evacuation in January, 1916. Row I contains the graves of over 80 men of the 1st Lancashire Fusiliers who fell in the first two days. Row K and part of Row L were made after the Armistice, by the concentration of graves from other cemeteries. There are now over 2,000, 1914-18 war casualties commemorated in this site. Of these, over 100 are unidentified and memorials have been erected to eleven soldiers who are known to be buried among them. The cemetery covers an area of 1,393 square metres and is enclosed by a stone wall. The following inscription is engraved on the right-hand entrance pier to the cemetery:- THE 29TH DIVISION LANDED ALONG THE COAST ON THE MORNING OF APRIL 25TH, 1915. The 97 graves in Row K and graves 31 to 83 in Row L were brought from the islands of the Aegean. The following were the more important of the cemeteries from which they came: KEPHALOS BRITISH CEMETERY, on the island of Imbros, was 640 metres inland from Kephalos Pier. There were buried in it 84 British, Australian and New Zealand sailors and soldiers, three Greeks, and one German prisoner. Near the cemetery a memorial was raised to the officers and men of the "bulge cruiser" Grafton. KUSU BAY CEMETERY, on the island of Imbros, contained the graves of 45 officers and men (14 of them unidentified) of the monitors "Raglan" and "M 28," which were sunk by the German battle cruiser "Goeben" and cruiser "Breslau" in a sortie from the Dardanelles on the 20th January, 1918. PANAGHIA CHURCHYARD, on the island of Imbros, contained the graves of one officer and five men from the monitors and four airmen of the 62nd Wing, Royal Air Force. There is a brass plate on the church hall, erected by the islanders to commemorate the six sailors. PARASKEVI CEMETERY, near the South-West shore of the island of Tenedos, contained the graves of four sailors, one soldier and one marine.